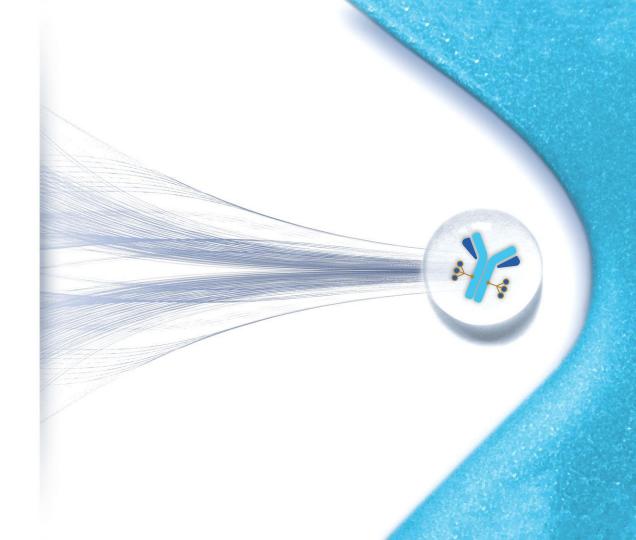


Corporate Presentation

November 13, 2024



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While today's ADCs provide substantial benefits to some patients, significant platform and payload limitations remain.

Mersana

Mersana is focused on developing novel platforms and payloads that enable ADCs with meaningfully improved safety and efficacy.

Innovating to Overcome Today's ADC Limitations



ADCs TODAY

First-Generation ADC Limited by Safety

First wave of anti-tubulins dose limited by platform toxicities (neuropathy, neutropenia, ocular toxicity, etc.)

THE MERSANA OPPORTUNITY

Leverage Our Next-Generation Cytotoxic Platform

Designed to overcome dose-limiting ADC platform toxicities to drive greater efficacy and enable combinations with standards of care

Newer Topo ADC Barriers Emerging

Hematologic toxicities, ILD, and topo-aftertopo resistance are limiting this class

Provide Effective Alternatives to Topo ADCs

Allow for ADCs that avoid resistance mechanisms, severe hematologic toxicities and ILD

Lack of Platform and Payload Innovation

Cytotoxic ADCs remain predominant with few novel mechanisms

Establish a New Class of IO ADCs

Advance ADCs beyond cytotoxics using STING-agonism to achieve tumor-specific activation of the innate immune system



Two Innovative ADC Platforms	Dolasynthen and Immunosynthen fueling pipelines for Mersana and its collaborators
Differentiated B7-H4 ADC in Clinic	Dose escalation and dose/schedule optimization continuing in Phase 1 clinical trial of XMT- 1660; expect to report initial clinical data and initiate expansion by the end of 2024
First-in-Class IO ADC in Clinic	Enrollment ongoing in Phase 1 clinical trial of XMT-2056; expect to advance dose escalation in 2024
Validating Collaborations	Johnson & Johnson, GSK, Merck KGaA collaborations contributed \$170 million in upfront payments; initial milestone payments received

\$155.2 million in cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities as of September 30, 2024; capital resources expected to support current operating plan commitments into 2026

Advancing a Robust ADC Pipeline



Platform	ADC Program	Target	Indication(s)	Preclinical	P1 Dose Escalation	P1 Dose Expansion
Dolasynthen	XMT-1660	B7-H4	Multiple Solid Tumors		•	
	XMT-2056	Novel HER2 Epitope	Multiple Solid Tumors		•	GSK*
Immunosynthen	XMT-2068	Undisclosed	Undisclosed	•		
	XMT-2175	Undisclosed	Undisclosed	•		
Collaborators						
Dolasynthen	J&J	Multiple	Undisclosed	•		
Immunosynthen	Merck KGaA Darmstadt, Germany	Multiple	Undisclosed			

* XMT-2056 is wholly owned by Mersana. GSK has an exclusive global license option to co-develop and commercialize the candidate ADC, antibody-drug conjugate; HER2, human epidermal growth factor receptor 2; P1, Phase 1

Mersana's Next-Generation ADC Platforms



Two distinct and proprietary ADC product engines

Dolasynthen

- Next-generation cytotoxic platform with customizable DAR designed for enhanced PK and tumor delivery
- Equipped with a proprietary anti-tubulin payload with controlled bystander effect
- Designed to reduce dose-limiting platform toxicities (severe neuropathy, neutropenia, ocular toxicity, transaminases, thrombocytopenia, etc.)
- Potential to develop product candidates for monotherapy and combination use

Dolasynthen Product Candidates:

- XMT-1660
- Mersana proprietary pipeline
- Up to three targets with Johnson & Johnson

Immunosynthen



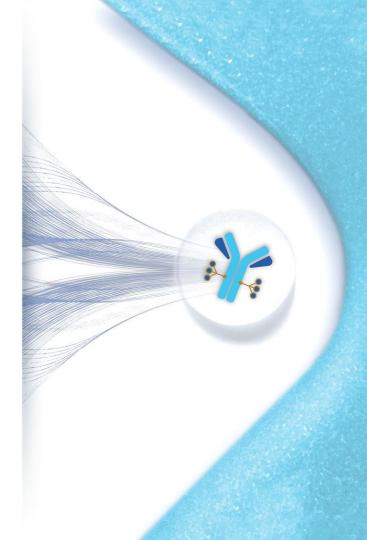
- Observed to be a potent stimulator of the innate immune system in the clinic
- Equipped with a proprietary payload intended to activate STING in tumor-resident immune cells and antigen-expressing tumor cells ("one-two punch")
- Potential to develop product candidates for monotherapy and combination use

Immunosynthen Product Candidates:

- XMT-2056 (GSK option)
- Mersana proprietary pipeline
- Up to two targets with Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany

Dolasynthen

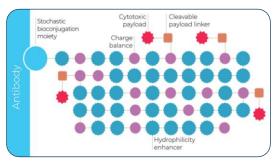
Mersana's Next-Generation Cytotoxic ADC Platform



Leveraging Learnings to Develop an Improved Cytotoxic ADC Platform



Dolaflexin: Mersana's First-Generation ADC Platform



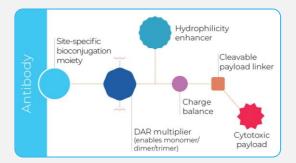
Heterogeneous platform

High DAR Stochastic (random) bioconjugation

Goals for Our Next-Generation Platform

- Allow DAR customization for target
- Allow for antibody-like PK
- Enhance tumor payload delivery
- Increase efficacy
- Reduce platform toxicity
- Expand therapeutic index

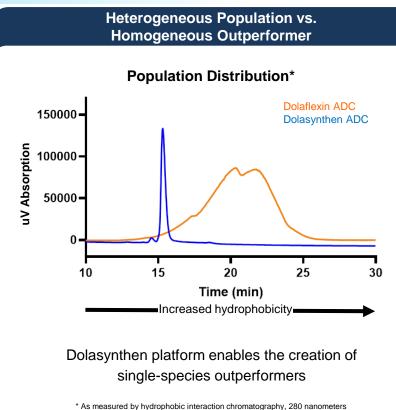
The Result: Mersana's Dolasynthen ADC Platform

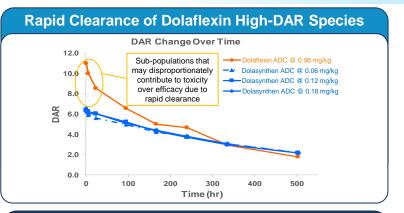


Homogeneous platform Customizable, precise DAR Site-specific bioconjugation

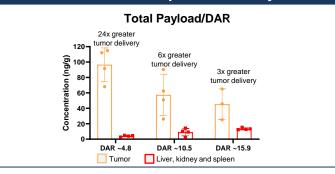
Dolasynthen Outperforms Dolaflexin at Equal Payload Doses Preclinically





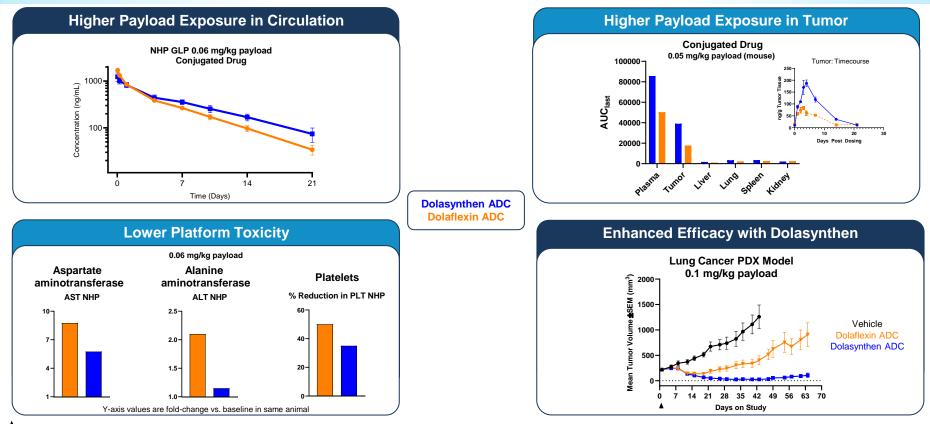


Dolaflexin High-DAR Sub-Populations Show Reduced Tumor-Specific Delivery



Dolasynthen Outperforms Dolaflexin at Equal Payload Doses Preclinically, cont.



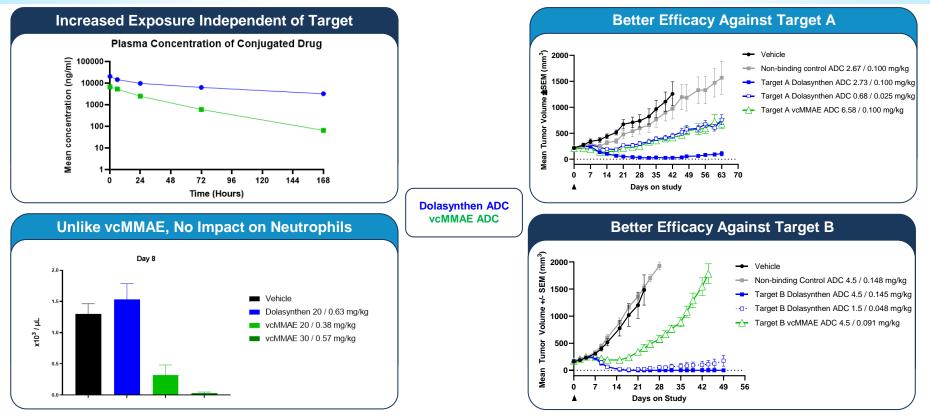


Time of administration

ADC, antibody-drug conjugate; AUC, area under the curve; GLP, Good Laboratory Practice; mg/kg, milligrams per kilogram; mm; millimeters; ng/mL, nanograms per milliliter; NHP, non-human primate

Dolasynthen Outperforms vcMMAE ADC Platform in Multiple Preclinical Models





▲ Time of administration

Notes: vcMMAE is a platform utilized to develop multiple approved third-party ADCs; Dosing above represented as antibody dose (mg/kg) / payload dose (mg/kg)

ADC, antibody-drug conjugate; mg/kg, milligrams per kilogram; mm, millimeters; ng/ml, nanograms per milliliter; SEM, standard error of mean; vcMMAE, valine-citrulline monomethyl auristatin E; x10³/µL, thousands per microliter

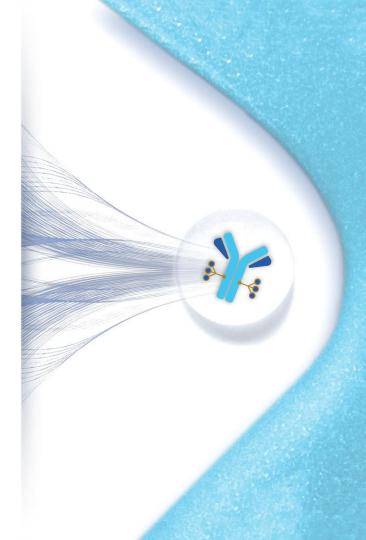
XMT-1660

Platform: Dolasynthen

Target: B7-H4

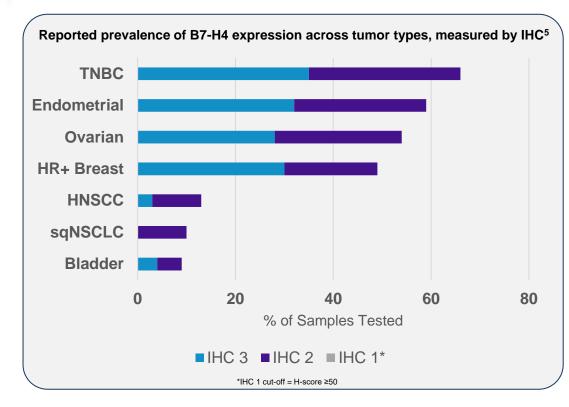
DAR: 6

Initial Cancers of Interest Include: Triple negative breast, HR+ breast, endometrial and ovarian cancers



B7-H4: Highly Expressed in a Range of Solid Tumors with Limited Expression in Healthy Tissue

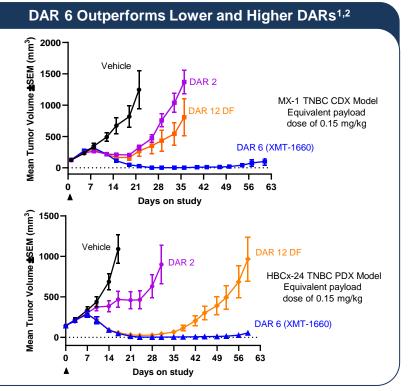


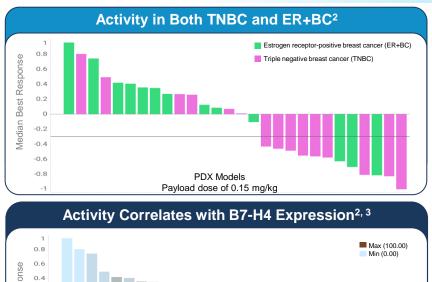


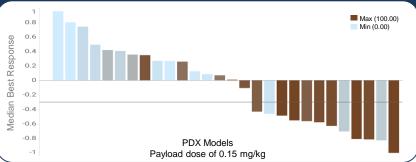
- B7-H4 is a member of the CD28/B7 family of cell surface proteins that promotes tumorigenesis by suppressing anti-tumor immunity and serves as a negative prognostic indicator for multiple tumor types³
- Limited expression in normal human tissue but highly expressed on multiple tumor types with high unmet need, including breast, ovarian and endometrial cancers^{1,2,3,5}
- PD-L1 expression has been reported as inversely related to B7-H4 expression, suggesting potential utility in cold tumors⁴

1. Rahbar et al. 2015. *Cancer Immunology Research* 2. Leong et al. 2015. *Molecular Pharmaceutics* 3. MacGregor et al. 2017. *Clinical Cancer Research* 4. Altan et al. 2018. *NPJ Breast Cancer* 5. Sachdev et al. *ASCO 2019*

Encouraging XMT-1660 Preclinical Activity Observed Mersana







▲ Time of administration

1. Lines indicate approximately equivalent dose by payload; Non-binding control antibody-drug conjugates and unconjugated B7-H4 antibodies were all inactive; Certain data omitted for clarity

2. Toader et al. Molecular Cancer Therapeutics. 2023

3. Expression measured by tumor proportion score

CDX, cell line-derived xenograft; DAR, drug-to-antibody ratio; DF, Dolaflexin; mg/kg, milligrams per kilogram; mm, millimeters; PDX, patient-derived xenograft; SEM, standard error of mean; TNBC, triple-negative breast cancer

XMT-1660 Phase 1 Dose Escalation Design

Dose Escalation (DES) Primary Endpoints MTD, safety and tolerability Secondary Endpoints ORR, DOR, DCR, PK, ADA

Indications Being Enrolled Include:

Triple-Negative Breast Cancer HR+/HER2- Breast Cancer Endometrial Cancer

Ovarian Cancer

Backfill Cohorts Primary Endpoint Safety and tolerability Secondary Endpoints ORR, DOR, DCR, PK, ADA

 In parallel with DES, backfill cohorts are enrolling additional participants at multiple dose levels from DES

• Each backfill cohort is enrolling up to 12 patients and may focus on tumor types of particular interest

 Data from both DES and backfill cohorts will be utilized to determine the RP2D

B7-H4 expression being assessed retrospectively based on fresh or archived tissue to inform biomarker strategy; investigating dose levels and schedules in parallel escalation and backfill cohorts to optimize profile for expansion



XMT-1660: Well Positioned in the B7-H4 Landscape

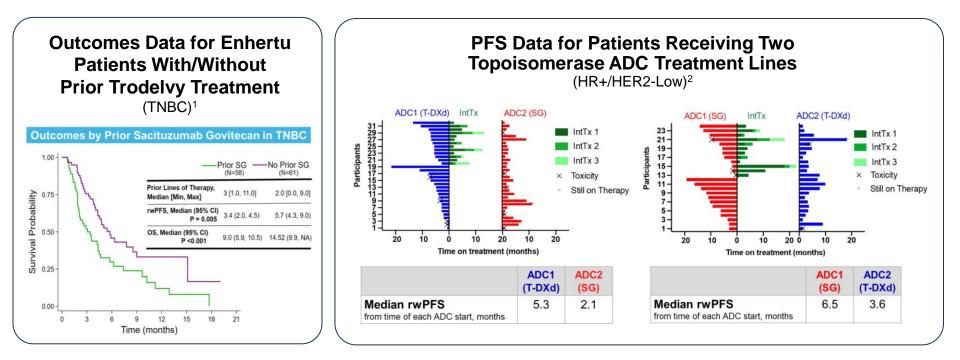


Clinical-Stage B7-H4 ADC Candidates

Asset	Company	Linker	Payload	Conjugation	Drug-to- Antibody Ratio	First Patient Dosed in Phase 1
XMT-1660	Mersana	Cleavable (esterase)	Anti-Tubulin (AF-HPA)	Site Specific	DAR 6	Q3 2022
felmetatug vedotin (SGN-B7H4V)	Pfizer (acquired with Seagen)	Cleavable (protease)	Anti-Tubulin (MMAE)	Stochastic Cysteine	DAR 3.5	Q1 2022
puxitatug samrotecan (AZD8205)	AstraZeneca	Cleavable (protease)	Topo-1 Inhibitor	Fully Reduced Cysteine	DAR 8	Q1 2022
GSK5733584 (HS-20089)	GSK (licensed from Hansoh Pharma)	Cleavable (protease)	Topo-1 Inhibitor	Undisclosed	DAR 6	Q1 2022
BG-C9074	BeiGene (licensed from Duality Biologics)	Undisclosed	Topo-1 Inhibitor	Undisclosed	DAR 6	Q2 2024

Increasing Real-World Data Suggest Topo-1 Payload Resistance Greatly Reduces Clinical Benefit



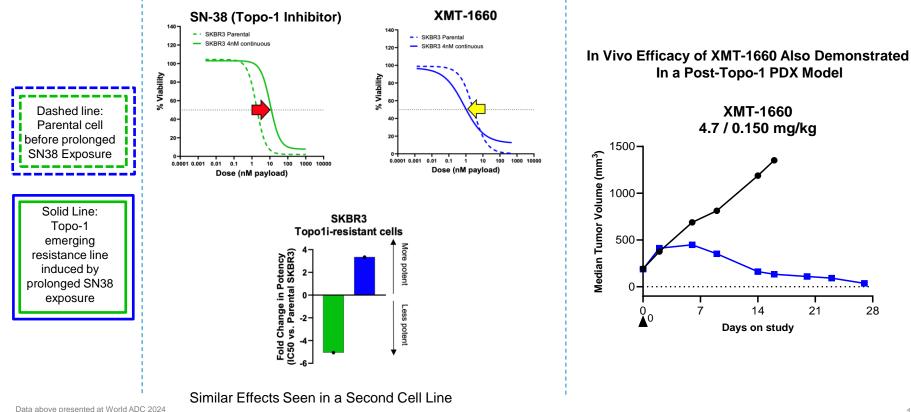


1. Tarantino et al. ASCO 2024.

2. Huppert et al. ASCO 2024.

ADC, antibody-drug conjugate; ASCO, American Society of Clinical Oncology; Cl, confidence interval; HER2, human epidermal growth factor receptor 2; HR+, hormone-receptor-positive; IntTx, intervening chemotherapy; OS, overall survival; rwPFS, 18 real-world progression-free survival; SG, sacituzumab govitecan (TRODELVY®); T-DXd, trastuzumab deruxtecan (ENHERTU®); TNBC, triple-negative breast cancer

New Preclinical Data Show Post-Topo-1 XMT-1660 Activity



Mersana

XMT-1660: A Differentiated B7-H4 ADC

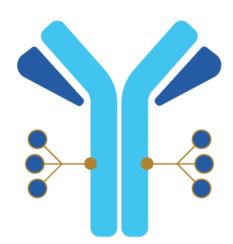
- B7-H4 is a clinically validated target for a range of solid tumors
- In vivo data suggest robust activity with XMT-1660 in multiple cancers
- Dolasynthen platform provides XMT-1660 with the potential to overcome common dose-limiting ADC platform toxicities
- Fast Track Designation granted by the FDA in advanced/metastatic triplenegative breast cancer
- Phase 1 dose escalation and dose/ schedule optimization continuing (NCT05377996)



Report initial Phase 1 dose escalation and backfill cohort data by the end of 2024

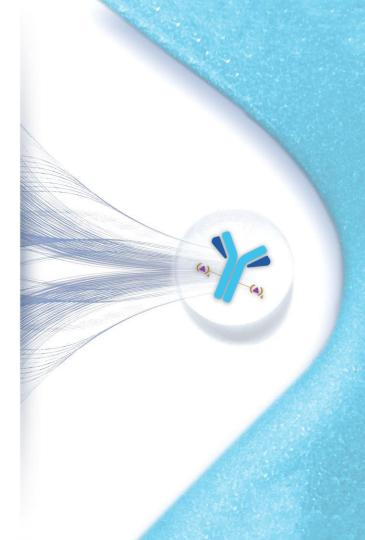
Initiate expansion by the end of 2024





Immunosynthen

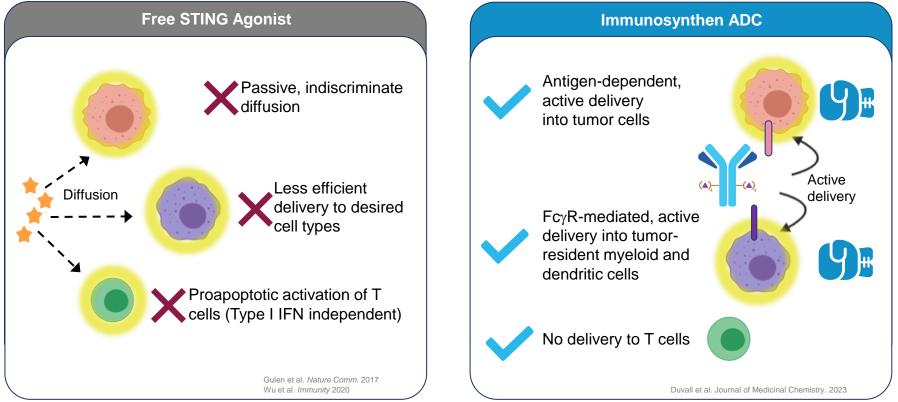
Mersana's STING-Agonist ADC Platform



Immunosynthen: Our Proprietary STING-Agonist ADC Platform



Designed to Localize STING Activation to Increase Potency and Decrease Systemic Toxicity



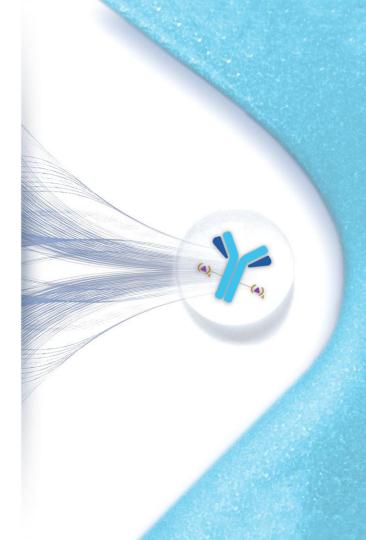
XMT-2056

Platform: Immunosynthen

Target: HER2 (novel epitope)

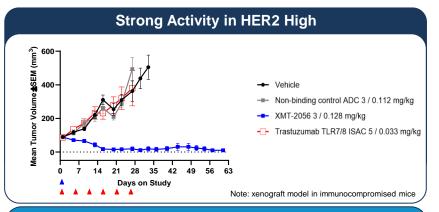
DAR: 8

Initial Cancers of Interest: HER2+ breast, gastric, colorectal and non-small-cell lung cancers

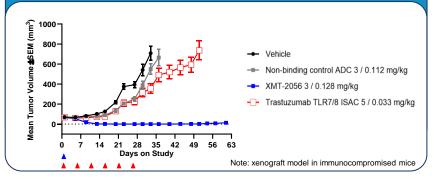


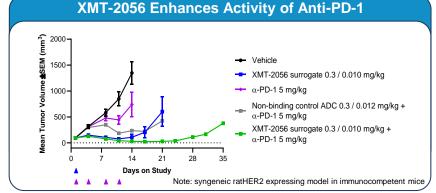
A Single Dose of XMT-2056 Drives Strong Monotherapy and Combination Activity in Multiple Preclinical Models

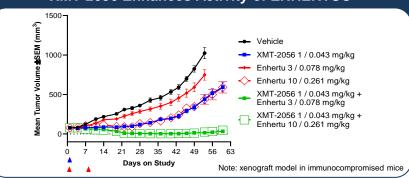




Strong Activity in HER2 Low







XMT-2056 Enhances Activity of ENHERTU®

▲ Time of administration(s)

ADC, antibody-drug conjugate; HER2, human epidermal growth factor receptor 2; ISAC, immune-stimulating antibody conjugate; mg/kg, milligrams per kilogram; mm, millimeter; PD-1, programmed cell death protein 1; SEM, standard error of mean; 24 TLR, toll-like receptor

XMT-2056 Phase 1 Dose Escalation Design



Dose Escalation (DES) Primary Endpoints MTD or RP2D, safety and tolerability Secondary Endpoints ORR, DOR, DCR, PK, ADA

Indications for DES and Enrichment Cohorts HER2+ BC HER2+ GC/GEJC HER2+ CRC HER2+ NSCLC Other HER2+ Cancers HER2+ defined as IHC 3+ or 2+/ISH+

Bayesian optimal interval design for dose escalation

XMT-2056 via IV q21 days

Tumor assessment every other cycle

Select Enrichment Cohorts (SECs) Primary Endpoint Safety and tolerability Secondary Endpoints ORR, DOR, DCR, PK, ADA

 In parallel with DES, SECs may enroll participants into tumor type-specific cohorts at cleared dose level(s) from DES

 SECs will include 2 BC enrichment cohorts: HER2+ BC and HER2-low BC, and may also include other cohorts of HER2+ cancers

 Data from both DES and SECs will be utilized to determine the RP2D

ADA, anti-drug antibody; BC, breast cancer; CRC, colorectal cancer; DCR, disease control rate; DOR, duration of response; GC, gastric cancer; GEJC, gastroesophageal junction cancer; HER2+, human epidermal growth factor receptor 2 positive; IHC, immunohistochemistry; ISH, in-situ hybridization; IV, intravenous; MTD, maximum tolerated dose; N, number of patients; NSCLC, non-small-cell lung cancer; ORR, objective response rate; PK, pharmacokinetics; q21, every 21; RP2D, recommended Phase 2 dose

XMT-2056: Our Lead Immunosynthen ADC

First-in-class STING-agonist ADC targeting a novel HER2 epitope



Targets a HER2 epitope distinct from pertuzumab and trastuzumab, providing the potential for both monotherapy and combination activity 2024 Objective Evidence of strong preclinical • activity in both HER2-high and Advance Phase 1 dose HER2-low tumor models escalation Granted Orphan Drug designation

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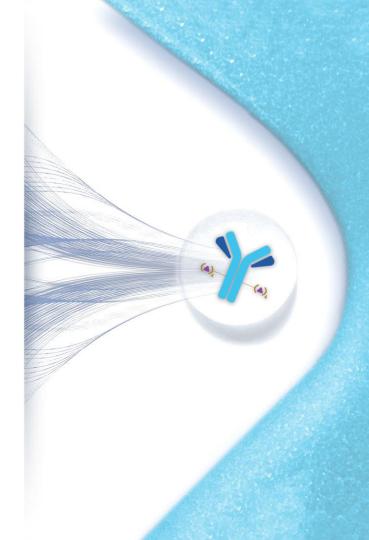
from FDA for gastric cancer

clinical trial (NCT05514717)

Enrollment ongoing in Phase 1

Collaborations

Advancing Next-Generation ADCs with Strategic Collaborators



\$170M Generated in Upfront Capital from Collaborations



More than \$3 billion in potential milestones

	J&J	GSK	Merck KGaA Darmstadt, Germany
SCOPE	Up to three targets on Dolasynthen platform	XMT-2056 (option to co-develop/ commercialize)	Up to two targets on Immunosynthen platform
UPFRONT	\$40 million	\$100 million	\$30 million
TOTAL POTENTIAL MILESTONES	>\$1 billion	\$1.36 billion*	\$800 million
POTENTIAL ROYALTIES	Tiered royalties up to low double-digits	Tiered royalties up to mid- 20s or U.S. profit share/co- promotion	Tiered royalties up to low double-digits



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Thank You!

